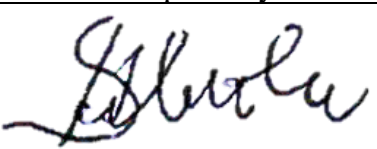
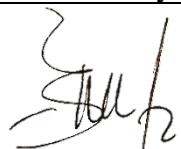





Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics  
Chemistry Department  
Chemistry Education Study Program

Module name		Coordination Chemistry		
Module level, if applicable		4 <sup>th</sup> Year		
Code, if applicable		SPK – 755		
Semester(s) in which the module is taught		7 <sup>th</sup> semester		
Person responsible for the module		Imam Sahroni, M.Sc.		
Lecturer		Imam Sahroni, M.Sc.		
Language		Indonesia		
Relation to curriculum		<i>Compulsory</i>		
Teaching methods	Class size	Forms of active participation	Workload: 91 hours	
Class discussion	50-60	Discussion	Lecture: 100 (min) x 16 (meeting)	27 hours
			Assignment: 120 (min) x 16 (week)	32 hours
			Independent study: 120 (min) x 16 (week)	32 hours
ECTS credit		3.25		
Credit points		2 SCU		
Requirements according to the examination regulations		Minimum attendance at lectures is 75% (according to UII regulation)		
Recommended prerequisites		N/A		
Related course		Chemical Bonding		
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes		<p>On successful completion of the course students should be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain the theoretical concepts of central atoms and ligands in complex compounds.</li> <li>2. Explain the interaction between the central atom and ligands in forming complex compounds.</li> <li>3. Identify structures and explain the names of complex compounds based on bond interactions between atoms and ligands</li> <li>4. Conclude complex compounds from the results of geometric identification and energy stability.</li> </ol>		
Content		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to coordination chemistry</li> <li>• Bond theory of transition metal compounds</li> <li>• Crystal field theory</li> </ul>		

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Molecular orbital theory</li> <li>• Stereochemistry and isomers</li> <li>• Properties of coordination compounds</li> <li>• Preparation and reaction of complex compounds</li> </ul>															
Study and examination requirements and forms of examination	Final score (NA) is calculated as follows:															
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Intended learning outcomes</th> <th>Weight (%)</th> <th>Technique of assessment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>25</td> <td>Written test: assignment, midterm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>25</td> <td>Written test: assignment, midterm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>25</td> <td>Written test: assignment, final examination</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>25</td> <td>Written test: assignment, final examination</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Intended learning outcomes	Weight (%)	Technique of assessment	1	25	Written test: assignment, midterm	2	25	Written test: assignment, midterm	3	25	Written test: assignment, final examination	4	25	Written test: assignment, final examination
	Intended learning outcomes	Weight (%)	Technique of assessment													
	1	25	Written test: assignment, midterm													
	2	25	Written test: assignment, midterm													
3	25	Written test: assignment, final examination														
4	25	Written test: assignment, final examination														
Media employed	Power point slide presentation, video, Google classroom															
Reading list	<p>Crabtree, Robert, H., 2005, The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, 4th Edition, John Wiley and Son, New Jersey.</p> <p>Canham, R, G., 2005, Descriptive Inorganic Chemistry, 4th Edition, John Wiley.</p>															

Prepared by:	Verified by:	Authorized by:
		
Person responsible for the module	Student representative	Coordinator Program